

A photograph of a modern, multi-story residential building with a mix of grey and white siding and large windows. In the foreground, there is a wooden pergola structure. The scene is set outdoors with greenery and a clear blue sky.

# LAND USES and DENSITIES

BL 19364

Land Use designations defined in this Section and depicted on the General Land Use Designations map (Figure 3) are intended to reflect the goals and objectives of the Official Community Plan and should be read in conjunction with this document's policies and guidelines. Combining the information in this section with the policies contained throughout the Plan provides a balanced reflection of where, when and how development should proceed throughout the city.

This Section outlines the intended character, generalized land uses and expected development densities within each Land Use Designation. Implementation of the information provided here is intended to take place over time through the rezoning of land (in accordance with Surrey's *Zoning By-law*) and through construction (in accordance with other City bylaws and permit processes). Zoning regulations specify permitted land uses and densities on a property-by-property basis and are intended to be generally consistent with the provisions outlined in this Section and with City Centre, Town Centre and Frequent Transit Development Areas as shown on Figure 9.

### Densities

Densities within this Section are to be used as a general guide and determined as follows:

- 1) In selected areas, including Urban Centres and Frequent Transit Development Areas (see Figure 9), and where specifically noted in approved Secondary Plans, densities expressed as Floor Area Ratio (FAR) are calculated on a gross site basis, before dedications for roadways or other public purposes are accounted for, and unless otherwise noted. For the purposes of density calculations, undevelopable areas such as riparian areas, parks, or utility corridors, etc., are not included in the gross site area, and
- 2) In all other circumstances, densities expressed as either FAR or Units Per Hectare (Units Per Acre) are calculated on a net site basis, after dedications for roadways or other public purposes are accounted for, unless otherwise noted.

### Secondary Plans

Secondary Plans have been initiated and approved by Council for various parts of the city, as shown on Figure 4, Secondary Plan Areas. Secondary Plans include Local Area Plans (primarily for employment areas); Neighbourhood Concept Plans and Infill Area Plans, (primarily for residential neighbourhoods); Town Centre Plans (specific for mixed-use areas found within Surrey's identified Town Centres) and the *Surrey City Centre Plan*. Secondary Plans provide more detailed and specific land use and density plans and set out development requirements (such as amenity fees) that are provided in exchange for achieving a Plan's densities. As Secondary Plans are approved by City Council, the more general *Official Community Plan* Land Use Designations are amended, as needed, to be consistent with the more detailed Secondary Plan. OCP Designation boundaries typically follow parcel boundaries; however, where there is a discrepancy, OCP designation boundaries shall be considered approximate.

Areas outside of Secondary Plans that are scheduled for future urban development are shown on Figure 7, Future Development Areas. These areas are intended to remain as Suburban until such time as Secondary Plans are initiated and approved by Council.

Figure 3: General Land Use Designations

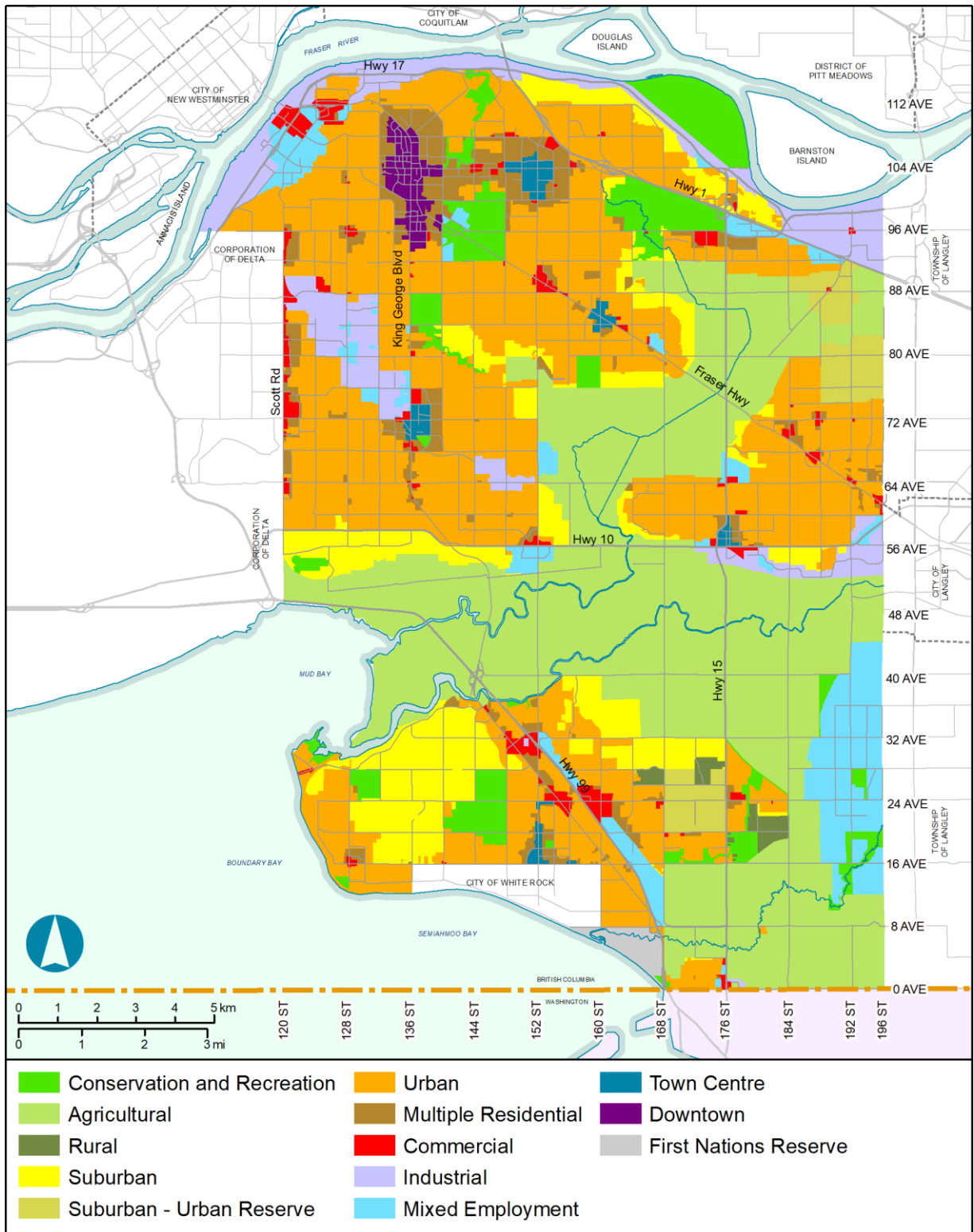
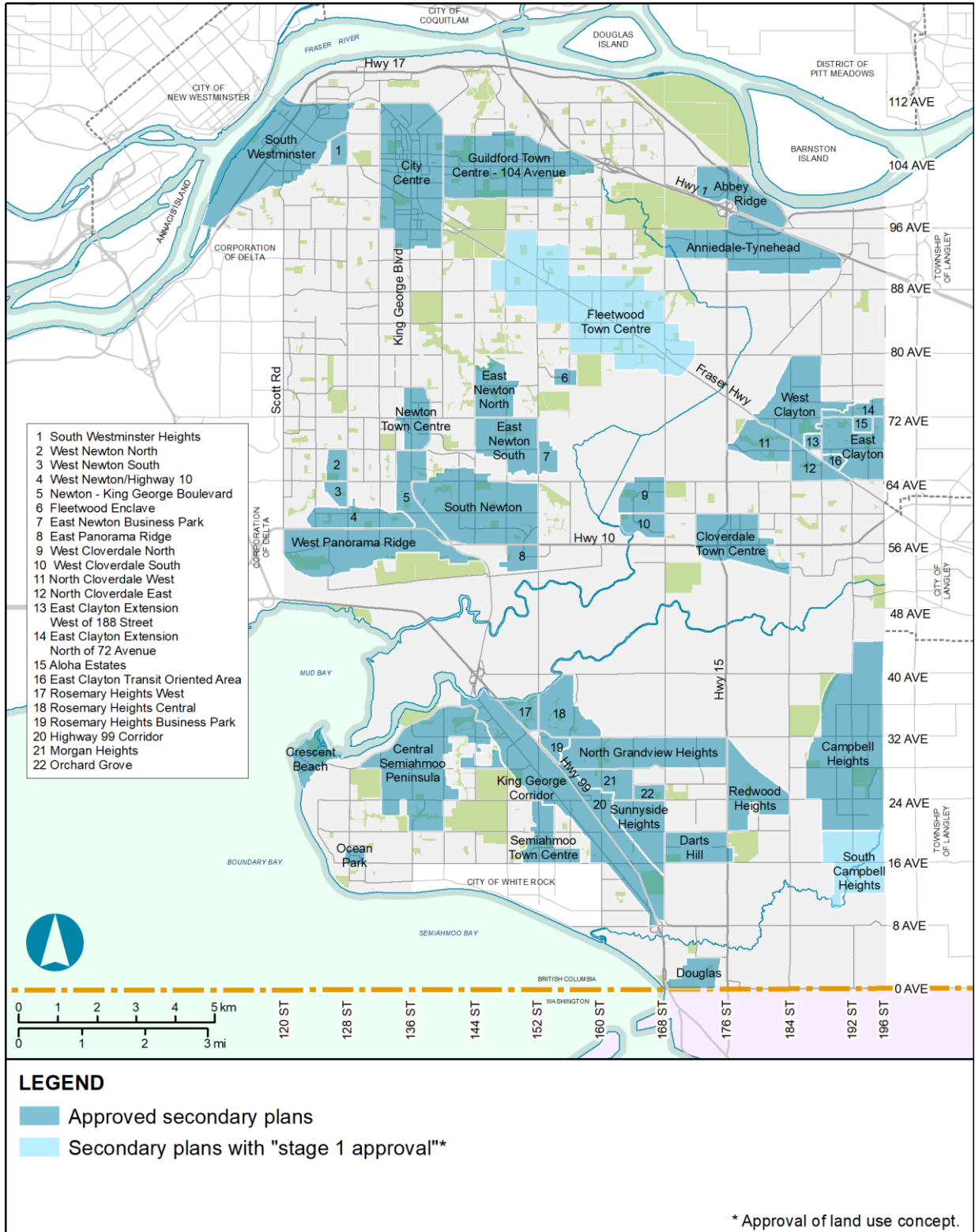


Figure 4: Secondary Plan Areas

- BL 18423
- BL 18498
- BL 18787
- BL 19996
- BL 20340
- BL 20292
- BL 20554
- BL 20393
- BL 20658
- BL 20340
- BL 20658
- BL 20935
- BL 21086
- BL 21104



# Conservation -Recreation

The CONSERVATION-RECREATION designation is intended to protect significant natural ecosystems and extensive outdoor recreation areas and parks.

Lands within this designation include conservation areas, urban forests, public facilities and major Regional and City parks. City parks included in this designation contain significant natural areas with conservation management objectives.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR CONSERVATION-RECREATION:

⇒ There are no specific development considerations applicable to this designation at this time.



*Example of Conservation-Recreation Designation:  
Green Timbers Lake in Green Timbers Urban Forest*

# Agricultural

The AGRICULTURAL designation is intended to support agriculture, complementary land uses and public facilities. This designation includes lands within the Agricultural Land Reserve (ALR) as well as rural lands outside the ALR that are used for farming and various other complementary uses.

For property located within the Agricultural Land Reserve, uses are permitted in accordance with the *Agricultural Land Commission Act*, the regulations and the orders of the Agricultural Land Commission (ALC) and the *Farm Practices Protection Act*. Non-farm uses require the approval of the ALC.

ALR land exclusion applications are not supported except where there is a demonstrated clear benefit to agriculture within Surrey and where, for every 1 hectare of land removed from Surrey's ALR, a minimum of 2 hectares of land is added into the ALR within Surrey.

For property not located within the Agricultural Land Reserve, uses are restricted to farming, rural residential and those uses compatible with farming.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR AGRICULTURAL:

### Subdivision (Property Within ALR):

⇒ Subdivision that creates new lots is discouraged without a demonstrated clear net benefit to agriculture.

### Subdivision (Property Outside of ALR):

⇒ Subdivision of land is generally limited to the creation of lots 2 hectares (5 acres) or larger.



Example of Agricultural Designation:  
Active farmland

# Rural

The RURAL designation is intended to support low-density residential uses and public facilities on large properties that are not serviced by sanitary sewers and are not expected to be serviced in the foreseeable future.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR RURAL:

### Lot Sizes:

BL 18423

- ⇒ Lots in RURAL designated areas are generally restricted to a minimum of 0.8 hectares (2 acres) or larger, in size.



*Example of Rural Designation:  
Single Family Residential on large lot*

# Suburban

BL 18423  
BL 18833

The SUBURBAN designation is intended to support low-density residential uses, complementary institutional, agricultural and small-scale commercial uses and public facilities in keeping with a suburban neighbourhood character.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR SUBURBAN:

### Densities:

- ⇒ Densities within the SUBURBAN designation may range up to a maximum of 5 units per hectare (2 units per acre).
- ⇒ Densities within the SUBURBAN designation may increase up to 10 units per hectare (4 units per acre).

### EXCEPT:

For areas within 200 m of the Agricultural Land Reserve (ALR) edge, and for those SUBURBAN areas shown in Figure 5, densities are a maximum of 5 units per hectare (2 units per acre). For development sites that have portions both within and beyond 200 m of the ALR edge, the allowable density within each portion may be averaged over the entire site area, subject to compatibility with adjacent existing lot sizes.

- ⇒ Densities within the SUBURBAN designation may be calculated on a gross site area where sufficient parkland and/or a community benefit are provided.

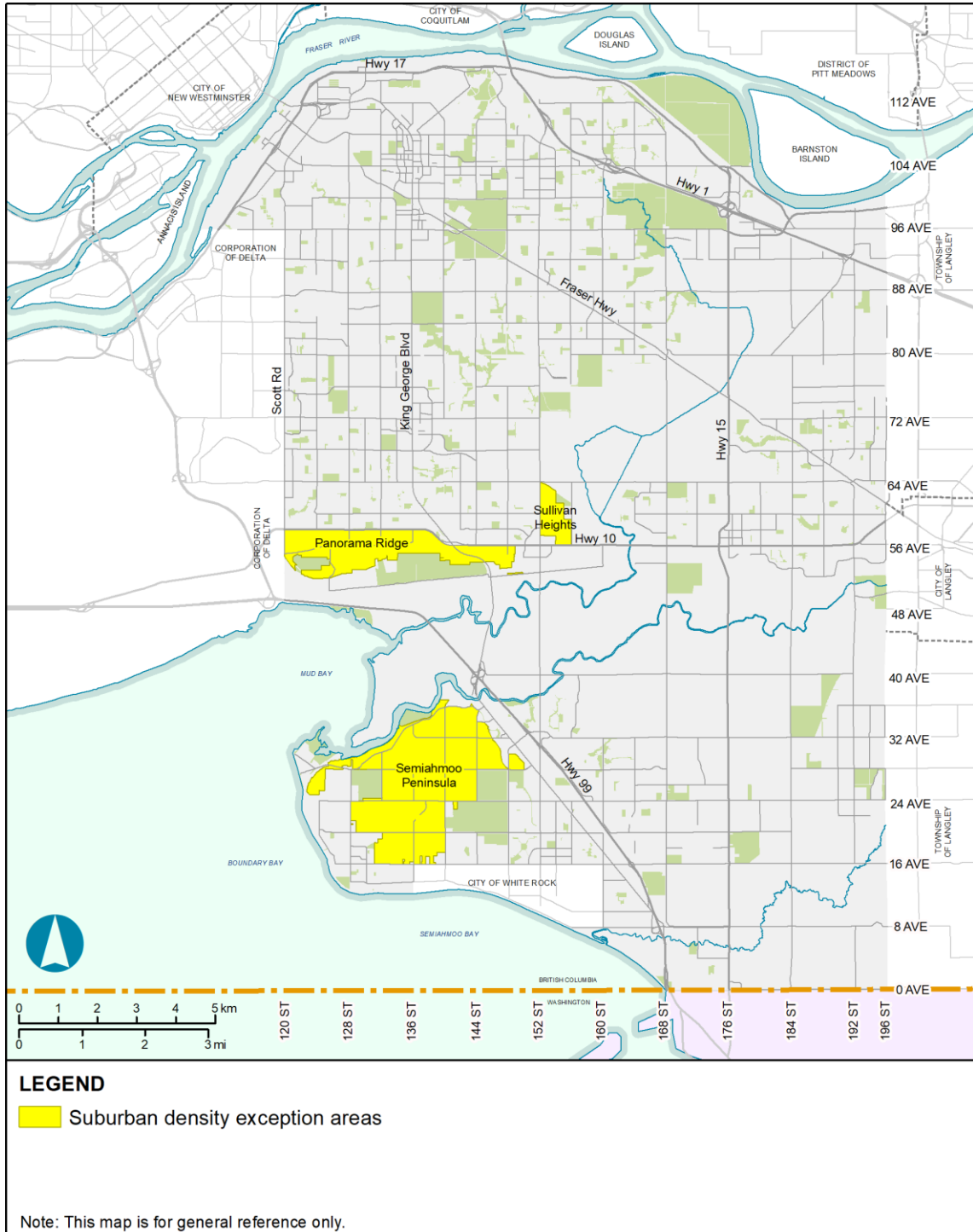


*Example of Suburban Designation:  
large single family homes widely spaced apart*



Figure 5: Suburban Density Exception Areas

BL 18423  
BL 21104



## Figure 6: Suburban Subdivision Exception Areas

BL 18423

DELETED

# Suburban— Urban Re- serve

Land within the SUBURBAN—URBAN RESERVE designation is intended to support the retention of Suburban land uses in areas where future urban development is expected; and is subject to City Council initiation and approval of comprehensive Secondary Plans such as Neighbourhood Concept Plans.

Until a Secondary Plan is approved and until the OCP land use designation is amended to conform to that approved Secondary Plan, land uses within this designation will follow the same requirements as those listed under the SUBURBAN designation.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR SUBURBAN-URBAN RESERVE:

### Lot Sizes:

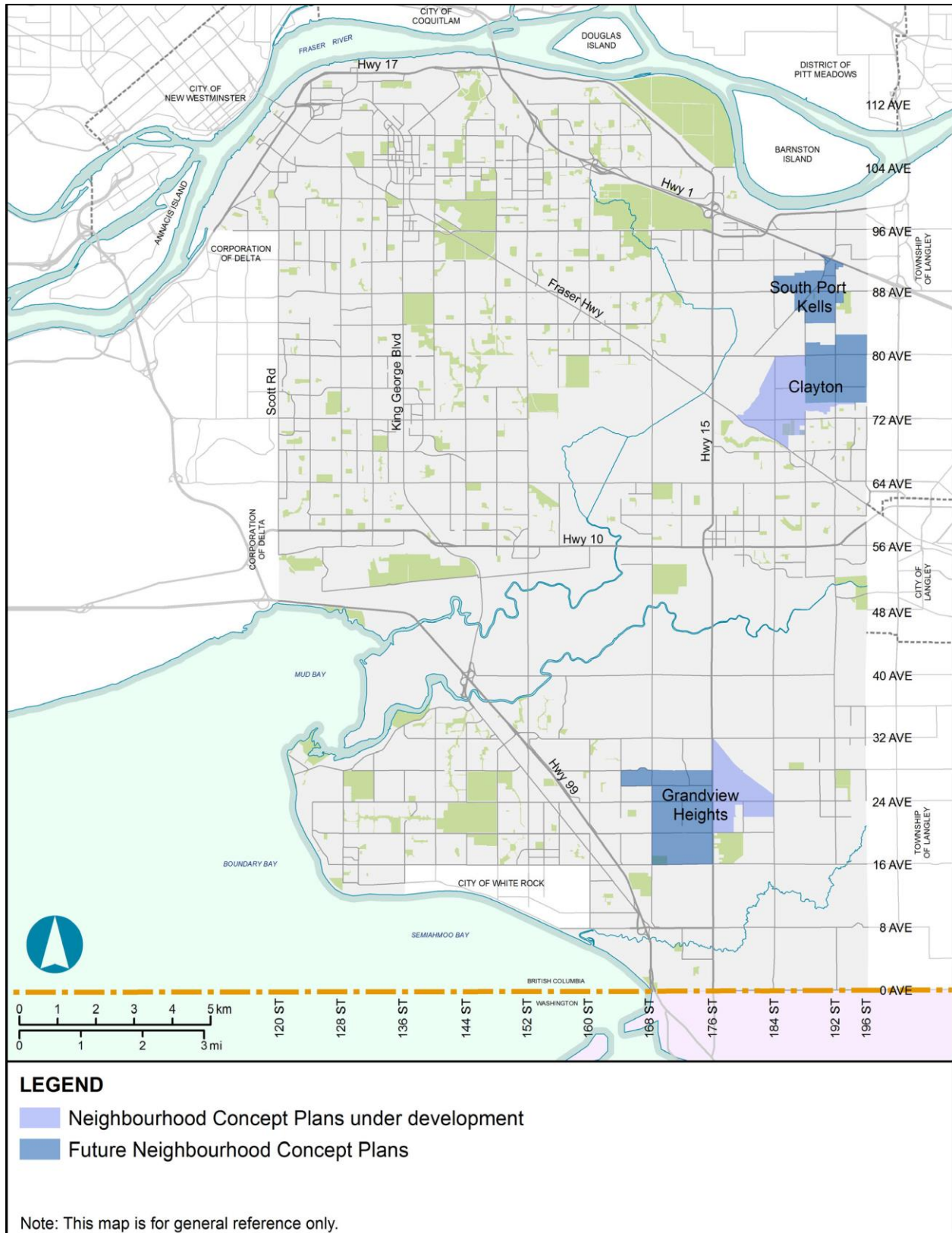
⇒ In order to facilitate the efficient and effective development of planned urban neighbourhoods well into the future—new lots in SUBURBAN-URBAN RESERVE designated areas (see Figure 3 and 7) are generally restricted to a minimum of 2 hectares (5 acres), or larger, in size.

BL 18423



*Example of Suburban-Urban Reserve Designation: A Secondary Plan detailing how an area of land designated suburban will eventually evolve and change to an Urban designation*

Figure 7: Future Development Areas



# Urban

The URBAN designation is intended to support low and medium density residential neighbourhoods. Residential uses within this designation may include a range of forms such as detached and semi-detached houses as well as ground-oriented attached housing including townhouses and row houses.

Other complementary uses included in this land use designation are public facilities, places of worship, small-scale daycare facilities, schools, live-work units and small-scale neighbourhood-serving shops.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR URBAN:

### Densities:

- ⇒ Subject to neighbourhood compatibility (see Figure 8), densities within the URBAN designation support up to 37 units per hectare (15 units per acre) for development taking place within established or existing residential neighbourhoods, which may be increased to 49 units per hectare (20 units per acre) in exchange for provision of sufficient community amenities in accordance with approved City Council and Department policies.
- ⇒ Referencing Figure 9, densities within the URBAN designation may range up to 72 units per hectare (30 units per acre) in FTDA's, Urban Centres and sites abutting a Frequent Transit Network and, where specifically noted, in approved Secondary Plan Areas (Figure 4).

### Development Permits:

- ⇒ Commercial, multiple unit residential and mixed-use developments within this designation are subject to the issuance of a Development Permit, in accordance with DP1 of the Implementation Section of this OCP.

BL 18423  
BL 18787  
BL 20008  
BL 20109  
BL 20292



*Example of Urban Designation: smaller and narrower single family lots with smaller front yard setbacks and direct access to the street from the front door*

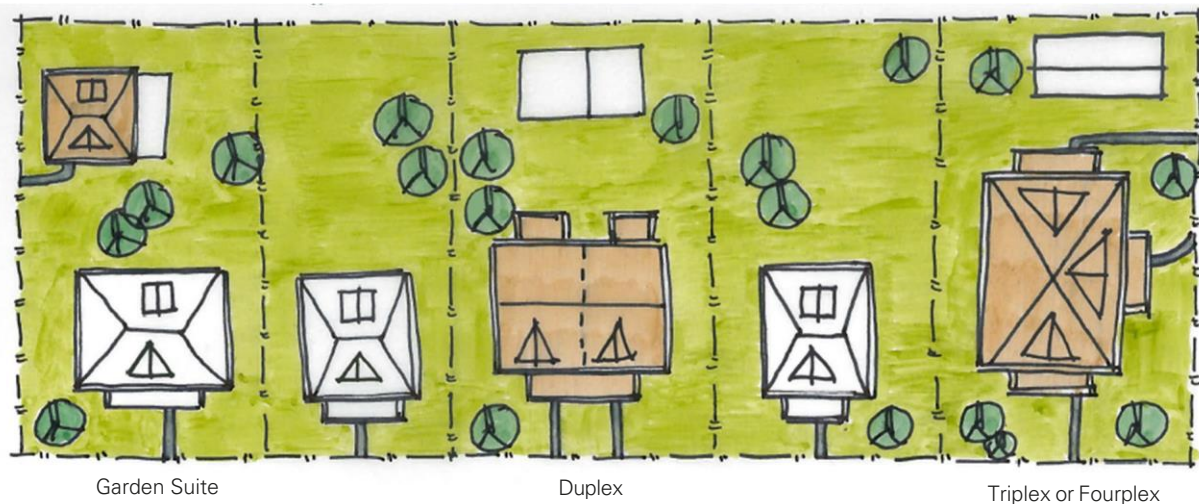
## Figure 8: Neighbourhood Compatibility

Typically an issue during times of transition or when working to accommodate higher densities, neighbourhood compatibility is a concept used in the development of cities to promote quality design and to encourage new or infill development to be appropriate and relevant to the existing and established character of a surrounding area or neighbourhood. New development is considered compatible with existing neighbourhoods when its design has taken into consideration, and attempts to replicate, follow or copy, the following elements:

- Number of storeys**
- Lot size**
- Architectural style and features**
- Window style and material**
- Roof design, pitch and material**
- Siding material**
- Setbacks**
- Entry features**

Other neighbourhood impacts such as **retaining views, privacy and tree canopy** should also be examined when determining the neighbourhood compatibility of new development in existing areas.

In general, neighbourhood compatibility refers to the inherent quality, feel, look and style of an area that is dominant *before* new or infill development takes place. In the context of development in Surrey, neighbourhood compatibility should be used to determine appropriate development where there is no existing Secondary Plan in place.



INFILL EXAMPLE: A) USE SIMILAR SETBACKS; B) RETAIN VEHICLE ACCESS POINTS; C) MAINTAIN PRIVACY OF ADJACENT HOMES; D) DEFINE EACH NEW UNIT INDIVIDUALLY BY PROVIDING INDIVIDUAL FRONT ENTRANCE POINTS ; F) PROVIDE FOR APPROPRIATE TRANSITIONS, PARTICULARLY WITH BUILDING HEIGHT, BUILDING DESIGN AND SECOND STOREY SETBACKS.

# Multiple Residential

The MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL designation is intended to support higher-density residential development including local, neighbourhood-serving commercial and community uses. These higher-density neighbourhoods are typically located adjacent to COMMERCIAL, TOWN CENTRE or DOWNTOWN designations to support the vitality of these areas or along Frequent Transit Corridors.

Subject to creating an appropriate interface with adjacent lower-density residential neighbourhoods, residential uses in this designation may include apartment buildings (generally up to 6 storeys), higher-density townhouses (typically with underground or structured parking) and supportive housing community care facilities that are constructed as multiple-family buildings.

Limited commercial and institutional uses may be supported within the MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL designation in mixed-use development, but commercial uses that have a large number of employees and/or that generate high traffic volumes are not supported. Public facilities are also permitted within the MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL designation.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL:

### Densities:

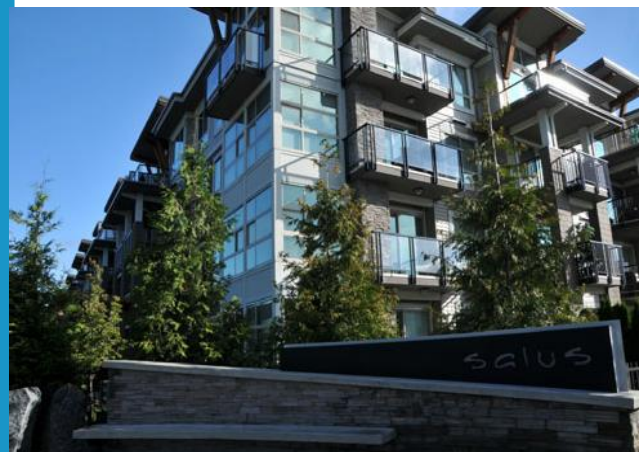
Except as shown in Table 7a, the following densities apply:

- ⇒ Densities within the MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL designation may range up to 1.5 FAR, subject to an appropriate interface (see Figure 10) with adjacent lower-density residential developments
- ⇒ Referencing Figure 4 and Figure 9, densities within the MULTIPLE RESIDENTIAL designation may range up to 2.5 FAR in Frequent Transit Development Areas, Urban Centres, sites abutting a Frequent Transit Network, within the *City Centre Plan* area, and where specifically noted in an approved Secondary Plan Area.
- ⇒ Additional bonus densities may be granted in select areas in exchange for the provision of sufficient community amenities in accordance with approved City Council and Department policies.

### Development Permits:

- ⇒ Commercial, multiple unit residential and mixed-use development within this land use designation is subject to the issuance of a Development Permit in accordance with DP1 of the Implementation Section of this OCP.

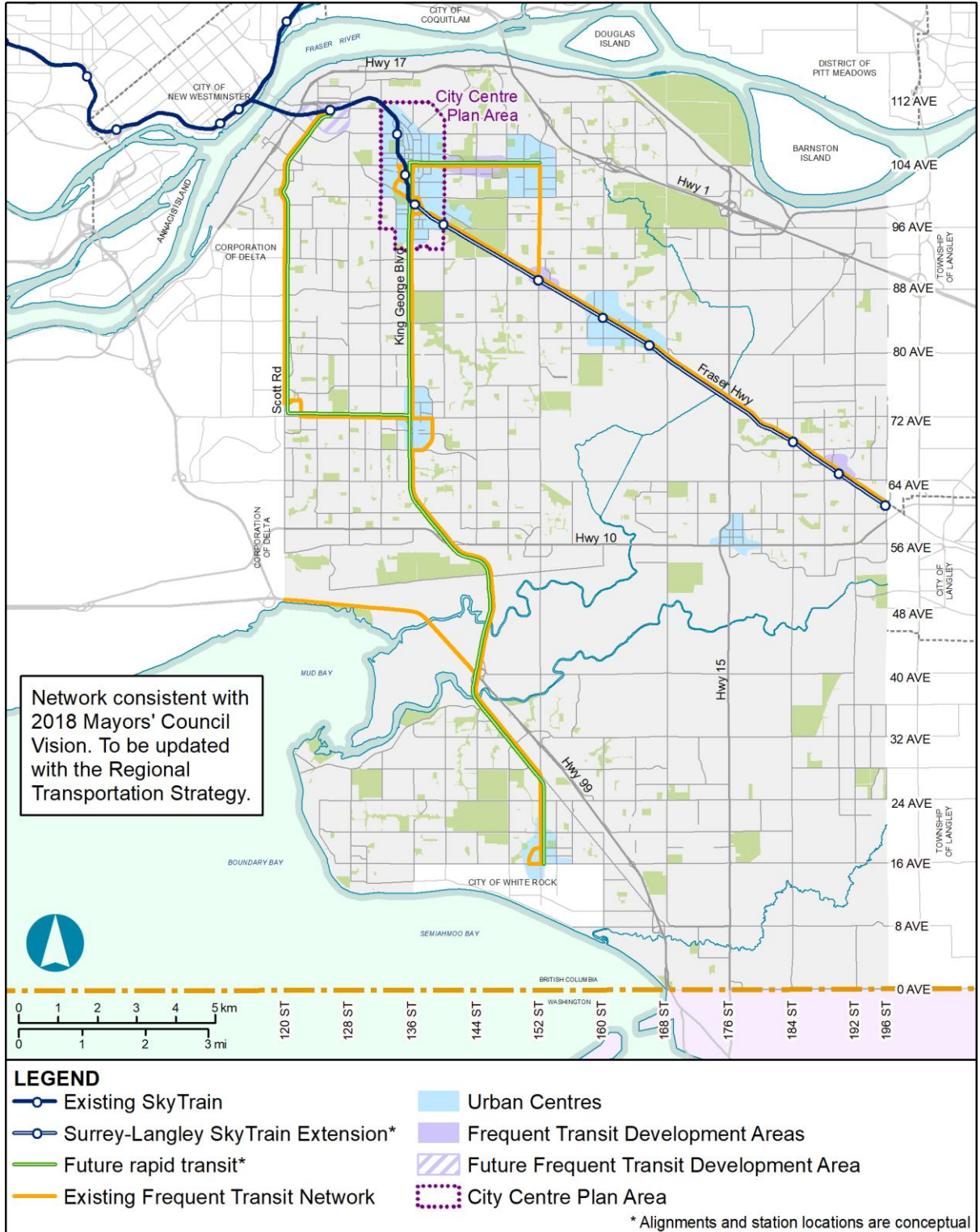
BL 18787  
BL 19364  
BL 20109  
BL 20658  
BL 21086



*Example of Multiple Residential Designation: Higher density developments including stacked townhouses and condo buildings*

Figure 9: Centres and Rapid Transit Areas and Corridors

BL 19801  
BL 21104





# Commercial

The COMMERCIAL designation is intended to support major commercial developments, including neighbourhood-serving and city-serving retail and office developments. Lands within the COMMERCIAL designation are typically located in neighbourhood centres, along major roads, or in areas adjacent to TOWN CENTRE and DOWNTOWN designations.

Primary uses within the COMMERCIAL designation are retail and stand-alone office uses including institutional offices. Multi-unit residential uses may also be permitted in mixed-use development provided that ground-level uses, with noted exceptions, are exclusively commercial.

Exceptions to ground-level commercial apply only to those areas of the building located away from street frontages; these areas may support residential uses by accommodating indoor amenities or parking (for example) but specifically are not to include dwelling units.

Limited light industrial uses may be permitted within this designation but these developments are subject to being compatible with adjacent land uses. Public facilities are also permitted uses within the COMMERCIAL designation.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR COMMERCIAL:

### Densities:

- ⇒ Densities within the COMMERCIAL designation may range up to 1.5 FAR, subject to an appropriate interface (see Figure 10) with adjacent residential areas
- ⇒ Referencing Figure 9, densities within the COMMERCIAL designation may range up to 2.0 FAR for sites abutting a Frequent Transit Network and, where specifically noted, in approved Secondary Plan Areas (Figure 4)
- ⇒ Referencing Figure 9, densities within the COMMERCIAL designation may range up to 2.5 FAR in Frequent Transit Development Areas (FTDA) and in Urban Centres, provided a minimum of 0.5 FAR is used for commercial purposes
- ⇒ Referencing Figure 4, densities within the COMMERCIAL designation within the Guildford Plan area may range up to 3.5 FAR where specifically noted in the plan.
- ⇒ Additional bonus densities may be granted in select areas in exchange for the provision of sufficient community amenities in accordance with approved City Council and Department policies

### Development Permits:

- ⇒ Commercial, multiple unit residential, mixed-use and industrial developments within this designation are subject to the issuance of a Development Permit, in accordance with DP1 of the Implementation Section of this OCP.

BL 18787  
BL 20292  
BL 20658  
BL 20292  
BL 21086



*Example of Commercial Designation: Ground-level commercial uses with upper storey multiple residential development.*

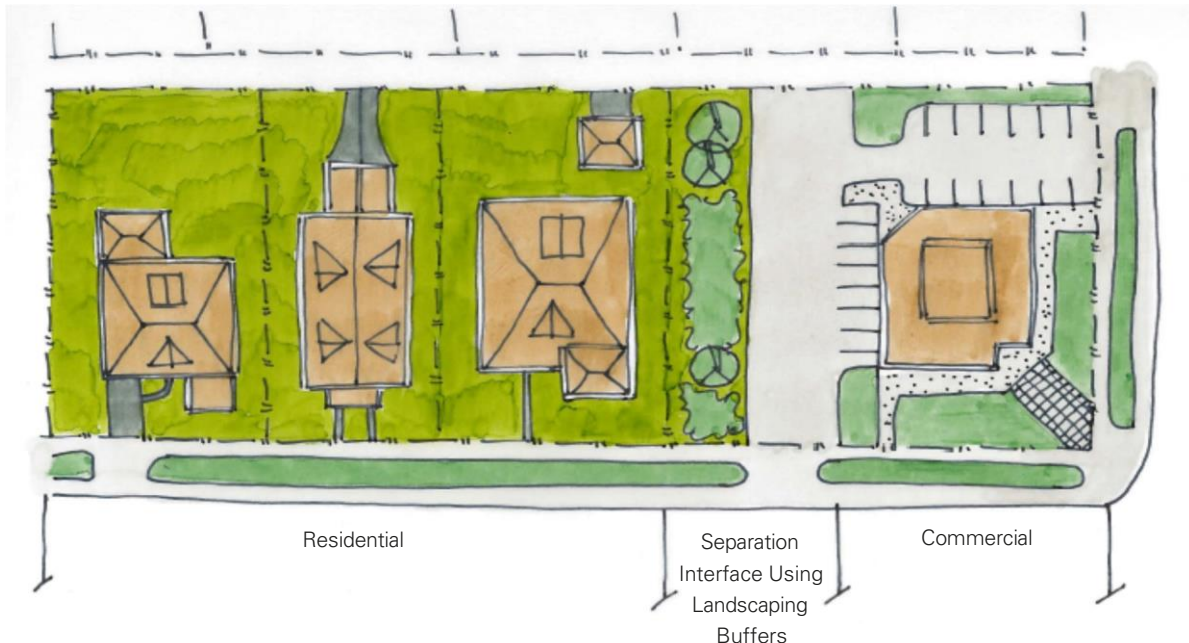
## Figure 10: Appropriate Interfaces

Urban environments contain a mixture of different land uses required to support a highly-functioning residential base and workforce. Similar uses are typically located together so as to reduce conflicts that may arise between non-compatible uses. To create a truly healthy, vibrant and pedestrian-oriented city mixing use types is required. Mixing uses can however, result in negative impacts imposed on one group over another by virtue of close proximity. In order to continue to successfully mix uses in an urban environment, efforts are required to ensure the interface between two opposing uses is addressed appropriately to reduce negative impacts. The design of these interface areas, for example, between residential and commercial properties, can greatly influence quality of life and transportation options.

In order to appropriately address issues that arise from mixing uses, special attention should be made to design and locate the following items so as to reduce or eliminate their negative impacts on adjacent properties:

- Loading areas/bays**
- Ventilation units**
- External lighting**
- Driveways (particularly for drive-thrus)**
- Commercial Garbage bins**

Adjusting **setbacks and landscaping** areas can also greatly help in creating effective interfaces between commercial and residential land uses.



# Industrial

The INDUSTRIAL designation supports light and heavy industrial land uses, including manufacturing, warehouse, wholesale trade and equipment storage and repair. Accessory uses that operate ancillary to a main industrial use may include limited office uses, a caretaker's residence, and commercial uses that are strictly limited to those that support industrial activities. Public facilities are permitted within the INDUSTRIAL designation but retail uses and stand-alone office uses are generally not supported.

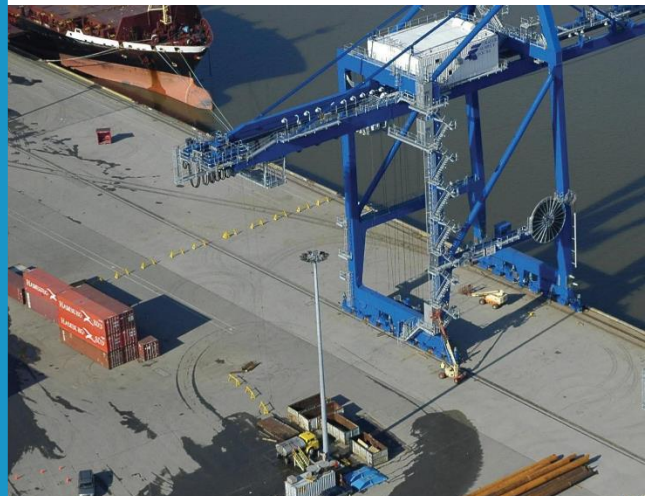
## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR INDUSTRIAL:

### Densities:

⇒ INDUSTRIAL densities may range up to approximately 1.0 FAR, subject to appropriate site planning to support the efficient operation of industrial operations.

### Development Permits:

⇒ Development is subject to the issuance of a Development Permit, in accordance with DP1 of the Implementation Section of this OCP. Industrial developments within this designation may be subject to the issuance of a Development Permit, in accordance with DP1 of the Implementation Section of this OCP.



Example of Industrial Designation:  
Fraser-Surrey Docks

BL 18423  
BL 20658

# Mixed Employment

The MIXED EMPLOYMENT designation is intended to support a mix of industrial, commercial, business and office uses that are not suited for locations within Town Centres or commercial centres. Commercial use examples may include business parks and, in select locations, large-scale retail outlets with warehousing requirements for furniture, building and landscaping supplies, outdoor storage and vehicle and equipment servicing, as shown in an approved Secondary Plan. Office use examples include those related to industrial uses, construction trades, equipment assembly, repair and testing, and large assembly uses. Public facilities are permitted within the MIXED EMPLOYMENT designation.

Industrial uses are encouraged to locate in MIXED EMPLOYMENT designated areas, except heavy industry.

Residential uses are not permitted in this land use classification except for accessory caretaker units.

Commercial uses that do not require extensive outdoor storage areas or large format floor space, or that are not related to industrial uses are encouraged to locate in the COMMERCIAL, TOWN CENTRE or DOWNTOWN land use designated areas. Notwithstanding the overall intent of the MIXED EMPLOYMENT designation, large -format retail commercial uses are not permitted, except as shown in an approved Secondary Plan.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR MIXED EMPLOYMENT:

### Densities:

- ⇒ Development within the MIXED EMPLOYMENT designation may range up to 1.0 FAR and up to 1.5 FAR within Frequent Transit Development Areas and in Urban Centres, as shown in Figure 9.
- ⇒ Development densities are subject to designing an appropriate interface with adjacent lower-density residential neighbourhoods.

### Development Permits:

- ⇒ Development is subject to the issuance of a Development Permit, in accordance with DP1 of the Implementation Section of this OCP. Industrial developments within this designation may be subject to the issuance of a Development Permit, in accordance with DP1 of the Implementation Section of this OCP.



Example of Mixed Employment:  
Morgan Creek Business Park

# Town Centre

The TOWN CENTRE designation is intended to support the development of each of Surrey's five Town Centres outside of the City Centre (Guildford, Fleetwood, Newton, Cloverdale, Semiahmoo) as the primary commercial, institutional and civic hearts of their communities.

Land uses within the TOWN CENTRE designation include public facilities, institutional and civic uses, commercial uses, stand-alone and mixed office and retail developments, mixed-use commercial and multiple family residential developments and stand-alone multiple family residential development subject to policies in approved Town Centre Plans.

Industrial and lower-density residential uses, including detached and semi-detached housing, are discouraged within the TOWN CENTRE designation.

Each of the five Town Centres included in this designation has its own unique character that should be reinforced through high quality urban design in public and private sector development and in the design of public space.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR TOWN CENTRE:

### Densities:

- ⇒ Densities within the TOWN CENTRE designation differ according to each unique Town Centre as shown in Figures 11 through 15.
- ⇒ Densities within the TOWN CENTRE designation are calculated on a gross site area basis and may exceed the densities shown in Figure 11 through 15 where sites are adjacent to existing or planned rapid transit station locations (shown in Figure 9).
- ⇒ Additional bonus densities may be granted in exchange for the provision of sufficient community amenities in accordance with approved City Council and Department Policies.

### Development Permits:

- ⇒ Commercial, multiple unit residential and mixed-use developments within this designation are subject to the issuance of a Development Permit, in accordance with DP1 of the Implementation Section of this OCP.



Example of Town Centre: Semiahmoo  
Town Centre, 152 Street

Figure 11: Cloverdale Town Centre Densities

BL 18787  
BL 19996

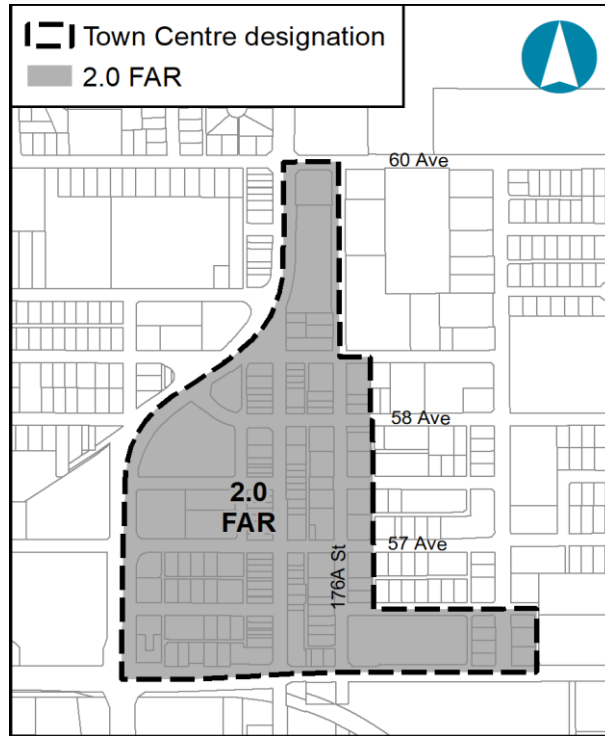


Figure 12: Fleetwood Town Centre Densities

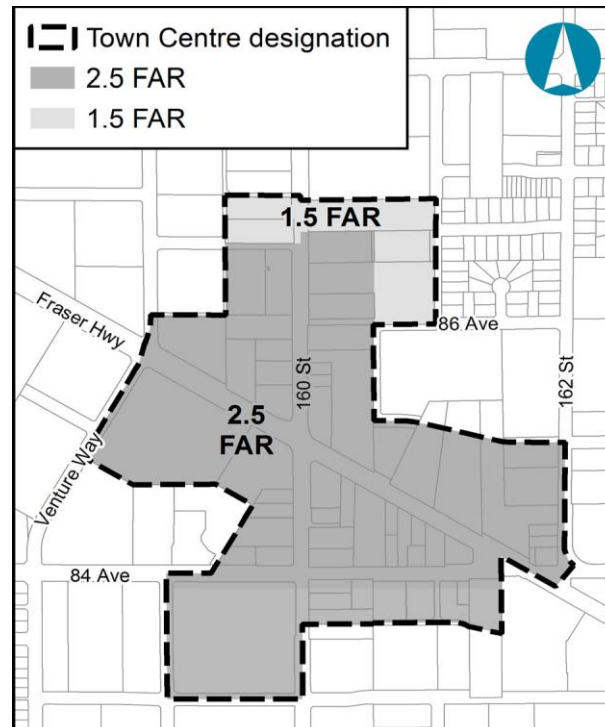


Figure 13: Guildford Town Centre Densities

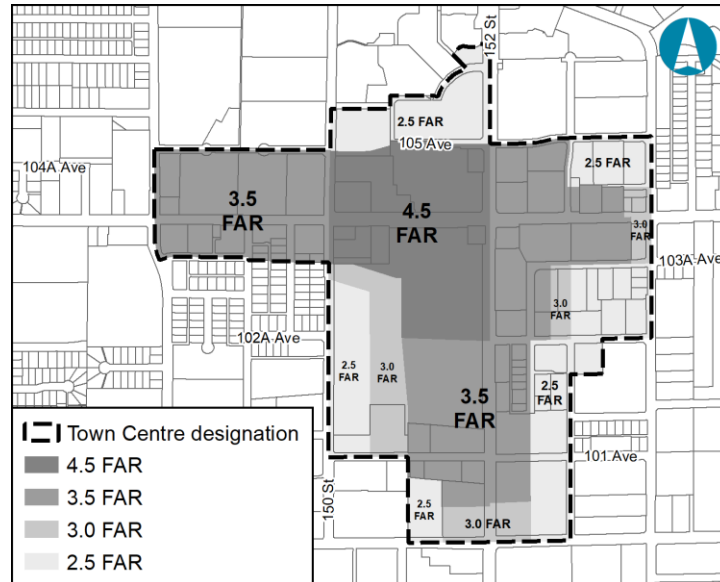


Figure 14: Newton Town Centre Densities

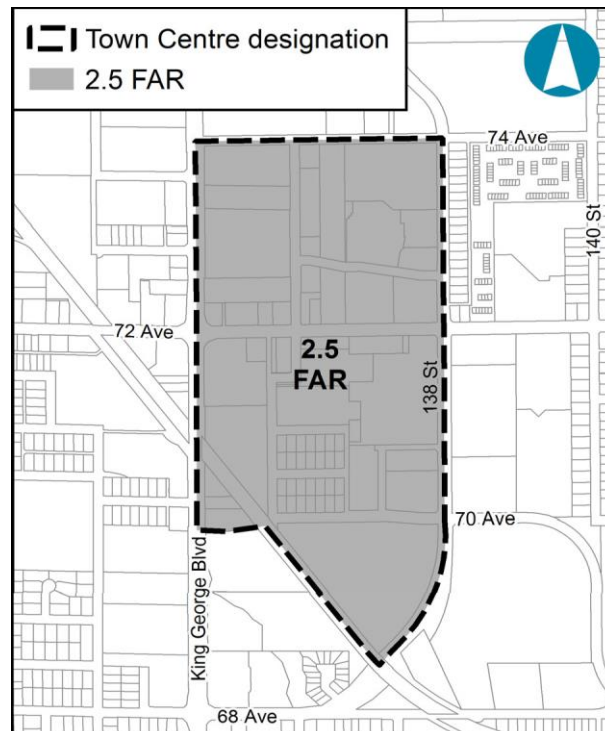
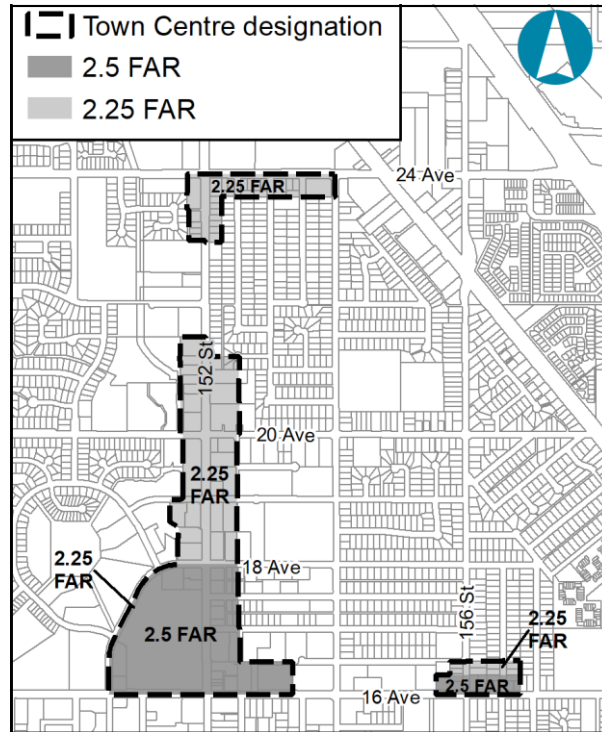


Figure 15: Semiahmoo Town Centre Densities

BL 20554





# Downtown

The DOWNTOWN designation is intended to support the continued development of Surrey City Centre as the primary commercial, civic, institutional, transit and high-density residential centre for Surrey and as the primary metropolitan centre for the “South of the Fraser” area of Metropolitan Vancouver. Urban design of public and private sector development including buildings, streets, plazas and gathering spaces, is intended to be of the highest quality to provide a vibrant, pedestrian-friendly and highly attractive environment and to support investment and activity in the City Centre.

Lands within this designation are intended for the highest density development in Surrey in order to support a vibrant commercial and civic centre and to support high-capacity rapid transit services.

High density commercial, retail and office developments, major institutional and civic developments, public facilities, transit stations and mixed-use commercial and residential developments are encouraged within the DOWNTOWN designation.

Stand-alone, high-density residential apartment development may be permitted in selected areas within this designation as identified in the *Surrey City Centre Plan*.

## DEVELOPMENT CONSIDERATIONS FOR DOWNTOWN:

### Densities:

- ⇒ Development is permitted to be 3.5 FAR and up to 7.5 FAR, as shown in Figure 16.
- ⇒ Densities within the DOWNTOWN are calculated on gross site area before dedications for public purposes such as streets, parks or plazas are identified.
- ⇒ Additional bonus densities may be granted in exchange for the provision of sufficient community amenities in accordance with approved City Council or Department policies.

### Development Permits:

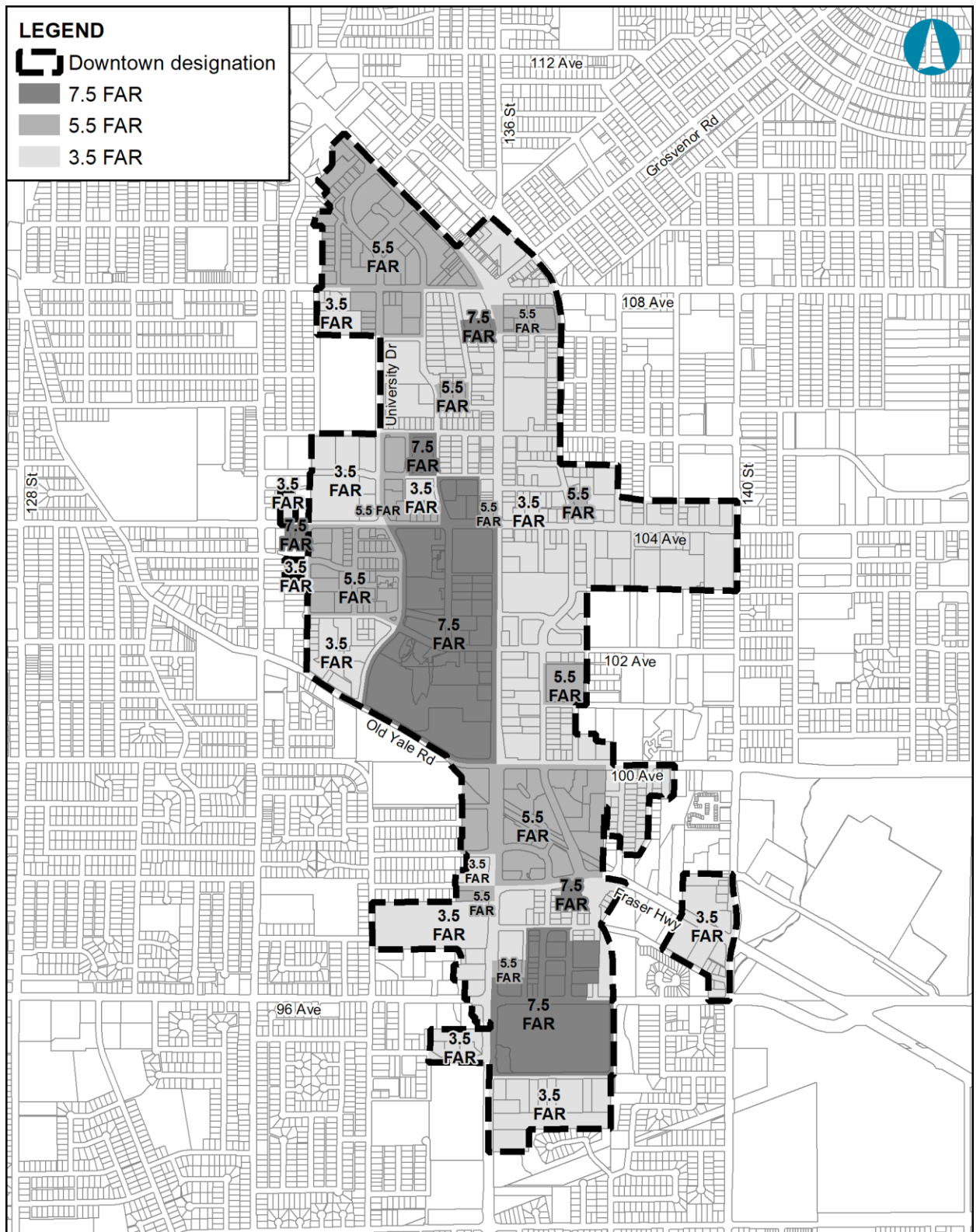
- ⇒ Commercial, multiple-unit residential and mixed-use developments within the DOWNTOWN designation are subject to the issuance of a Development Permit in accordance with DP1 of the Implementation Section of this OCP.



Example of Central Business District Designation:  
Central City Office Tower

Figure 16: Downtown Densities

- BL 19324
- BL 19627
- BL 19372
- BL 19611
- BL 19298
- BL 20009
- BL 20113
- BL 20141
- BL 20160
- BL 20190
- BL 20192
- BL 20649
- BL 20658
- BL 20678
- BL 20705



### Table 7a: Land Use Designation Exceptions

The following use or density exceptions are permitted for the following properties, or any lots created from these properties, in the identified Land Use Designation, on a site-specific basis only:

<b><u>BYLAW NO.</u></b>	<b><u>LAND USE DESIGNATION</u></b>	<b><u>SITE SPECIFIC PROPERTY</u></b>	<b><u>SITE SPECIFIC PERMISSION</u></b>
19243	Multiple Residential	<b>12661—110 Avenue</b> (Lot 1, Section 17, Blk. 5N, Range 2W, NWD, Plan EPP39522)	Density permitted up to 2.0 FAR (gross calculation)
18716	Multiple Residential	<b>14150 Green Timbers Way</b> (Blk. H, Sec. 36, Blk. 5 N, Range 2W, NWD, Except Plan BCP51681); and <b>9900 140 Street</b> (Blk. I, Sec. 36, Blk. 5 N, Range 2W, NWD, Except Plan BCP51681)	Density permitted up to 2.5 FAR
19487	Multiple Residential	<b>17505 and 17515 64 Avenue</b> (Lot 4 and 5, except part Dedicated Road on Plan BCP15284, Sec. 18, Twp. 8, NWD, Plan 14338); and <b>Portion of 6455 176 Street</b> (Lot 6, except part on Plan BCP10827, Sec. 18, Twp. 8, NWD, Plan 24144)	Density permitted up to 1.86 FAR
19886	Multiple Residential	<b>14706—104 Avenue</b> (Lot 151, Sec. 30, Blk 5N, Range 1W, NWD, Plan 50505, Except Part in Plan BP33452)	Density permitted up to 2.8 FAR (gross calculation)
19863	Multiple Residential	<b>8109, 8123 and 8135 King George Boulevard</b>	2.52 FAR
19751	Multiple Residential	<b>Portion of 8205 King George Boulevard</b>	2.83 FAR
20565	Mixed Employment	<b>6611 – 152A Street</b> (Lot 4 Sec. 14 Township 2 NWD Plan BCP49715)	1.3 FAR (net calculation)
20725	Mixed Employment	<b>15290 – 66 Avenue</b> (Lot 5 Section Township 2 NWD Plan 1442)	1.3 FAR (net calculation)
20695	Multiple Residential	<b>14744 - 106 Avenue</b> (Lot 137 Section 19 Block 5 North Range 1 West NWD Plan 41515)  <b>14754 - 106 Avenue</b> (Lot 136 Section 19 Block 5 North Range 1 West NWD Plan 41515)  <b>14764 - 106 Avenue</b> (Lot 135 Section 19 Block 5 North Range 1 West NWD Plan 41515)  <b>14774 - 106 Avenue</b> (Portion of Lot 134 Section 19 Block 5 North Range 1 West NWD Plan 41515)	Density permitted up to 2.38 FAR

BL 18787  
BL 19243  
BL 18716  
BL 19487  
BL 19886  
BL 19863  
BL 19751  
BL 20565  
BL 20695

