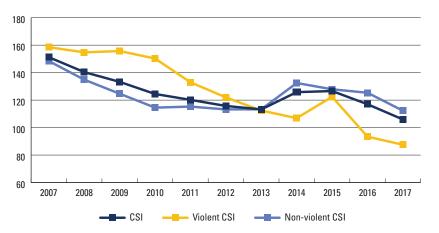
# **10 Year Review of Crime Trends**

This report provides an overview of trends in crime data for the City of Surrey over the last 10 years.

Data on trends over the last 10 years has been compiled to understand the general trends for major categories of crime in Surrey. The Crime Severity Index (CSI) is a standardized national measure of the criminal incidents coming to the attention of police. Statistics Canada collects and reports, on an annual basis, changes in police-reported crime rates across the country. The index is expressed as a rate per 100,000 population to enable comparisons across communities of different sizes. The CSI tracks both the frequency and seriousness of crime. Different types of crimes are assigned a weighting to highlight the level of seriousness. Therefore, an increase in the CSI represents an increase in the overall rate of serious crime in a given period.

Over the last ten years the Crime Severity Index (CSI) has been steadily declining with the exception of 2015. In 2017, Surrey's CSI was on a par with Vancouver and was much lower than many BC municipalities.

#### CSI Rates (rate per 100,000 population)



The map on page 2 shows the CSI rate for communities in BC. The arrow beside the number shows whether the CSI increased or decreased relative to the previous year.

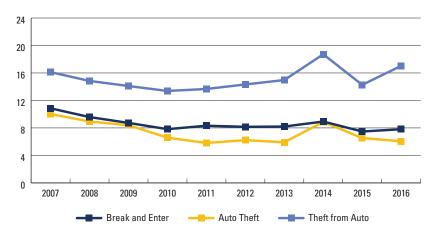






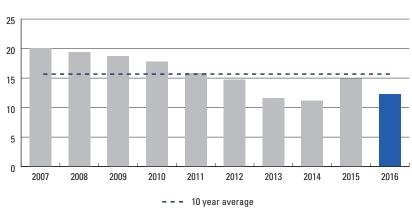
Crime rates vary by type in Surrey with theft from auto occurring more frequently than either auto theft or break and enter crimes (this includes both residential and business break and enters). Crime rates have been trending downwards except for a spike in 2014 and increase 2016.

### **Select Crime Rates by Crime Type (rate per 1,000 population)**



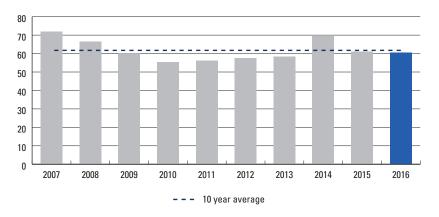
In terms of violent crime in Surrey, rates were declining significantly between 2007 and 2014 but spiked in 2015 before dropping again in 2016.

## **Violent Crime Rate (rate per 1,000 population)**



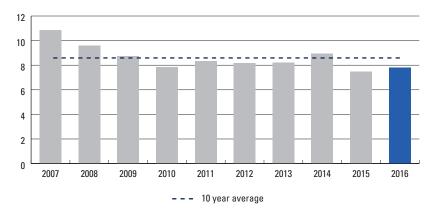
Property crime in total which includes breaking and entering, theft of a motor vehicle, fraud, mischief, and theft from auto has been fairly stable over the past 10 years.

#### **Property Crime Rate (rate per 1,000 population)**



Looking specifically at break and enter (including both residential and business break and enter) incident rates have been lower in the past two years following a brief spike above the average rate in 2014.

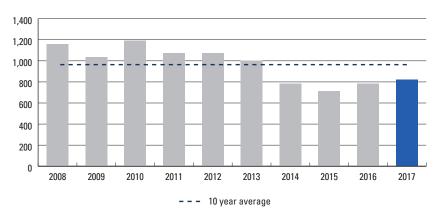
## **Break and Enter Crime Rate (rate per 1,000 population)**





Traffic collisions continue to be a challenge in Surrey although there was a dip in 2015 below the average rate, in 2016, and 2017 there was a slight increase back towards the average rate for the past 10 years.

## **Number of Fatal and Injury Collisions Attended by Police**



Demand for police services continues to increase with the past four years surpassing the 10 year average for calls for service in Surrey. In 2016 an additional 100 officers were recruited to address the high demand for services in Surrey. As reporting is low in many cities, there was a campaign to encourage citizens to report crime using 911 and the non-emergency reporting services.

#### **Number of Police Calls for Service**

